Flavour anomalies and status of indirect probes of the Standard Model

The Zoologist's Guide to the Galaxy Dr Arik

Vladimir V. Gligorov, CNRS/LPNHE With material from the LHCb, CMS, ATLAS, BES III, NA62, BaBar, Belle & Belle II experimental collaborations & the HFLAV, CKMFitter, and UTFit averaging groups BPU11 Congress, Belgrade, 29.08.2022 erc



What Animals on Earth Reveal About Aliens and Ourselves

Kershenbaum



CMIS



Object of study





Object of study



$$\begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \\ b' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{u} \\ V_{cd} & V_{c} \\ V_{td} & V_{t} \end{pmatrix}$$





Object of study







Mapping the apex



Berwyn mountain, Wales























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...teaching us the scale of BSM physics...



We know that BSM physics with generic flavour couplings is ruled out to 10⁵ TeV!

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...and giving motivation for the future!



The apex of the CKM triangle remains one of the safest long-term paths to constraining generic NP models!11

The tree-level path to the apex





The tree-level path to the apex



 $\sim 10^{-7}$ (!) theory uncertainty on the interpretation of experimental observables in terms of the CKM angle $\gamma!$ (Zupan & Brod 1308.5663)



It takes many ingredients to measure γ



We are approaching the 5% uncertainty level on γ from direct measurements



γ [°]

The experimental road has been long





But the pieces are coming together now

Legacy LHCb Run 1+2 analysis of $B \rightarrow D(4H)K$ decays



The compendium of legacy Run 1+2 LHCb measurements is nearing completion

Permille level γ will require teamwork!



4h modes could eventually rival K_SHH (!!) if strong phases would be measured better, but will be limited very quickly if they cannot!

Permille level y will require teamwork!



 $B^{\pm} \rightarrow D(4h)K^{\pm}$:

4h modes could eventually rival K_sHH (!!) if strong phases would be measured better, but will be limited very quickly if they cannot!

Will eventually be limited at 1 degree level by current BESIII measurements, therefore vital that BESIII goes ahead and collects 10x the current $\psi(3770)$ dataset!

Belle II is also showing its capabilities



 $\gamma = (78.4 \pm 11.4 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.5 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 1.0 \text{ (ext.)})^{\circ}$

Joint analysis of $B \rightarrow D(K_sHH)K$ decays with Belle + Belle II data

Significantly improved mass resolution! Not competitive yet but promising for future.

The quest for V_{ub} & V_{cb}



Inclusive-exclusive tensions remain in V_{cb} , are reduced in V_{ub}

Tension in Vub is around 2-3 sigma depending on inputs

 V_{cb} remains at 3 sigma, further experimental input must be matched by theory/lattice progress

Note: this inclusive-exclusive discrepancy is what we call a "puzzle", not what we call an "anomaly"...

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Belle II enters the quest for V_{ub} & V_{cb}

ield







Charm CPV: discovery to characterization

CPV in charm observed by LHCb in the difference of CP asymmetries for the $\pi\pi$ and KK final states

Now beginning to characterise the individual asymmetries with exquisite precision and systematics control!



Measurements limited by control mode yields — must collect all charm at the LHC with real-time analysis! 23

Serena Maccolini @ ICHEP 202 E791 FOCUS CLEO Belle BaBar CDF LHCb 3 fb^{-1} LHCb 5.7 fb^{-1}

Charm CPV: discovery to characterization

Systematics controlled at the 10-4

$$eval_{KK}^{d}essen(tial_{KK}^{d}rd$$

Measurements limited by control mode yields — must collect all charm a



Charm mixing and CPV



Charm mixing well-established since more than a decade!

Charm mixing and CPV



Anomalous couplings



$B^0, B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$: the king penguin

The ultimate experimental beauty hadron decay for probing BSM effects

- 1. Highly suppressed in the SM
- 2. Highly enhanceable elsewhere
- 3. Experimentally accessible
- 4. Theoretically pristine







2/3 pieces of the LHC Run 1+2 legacy now in place. Excellent agreement with SM but a great deal of work ahead to observe $B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$ and eventually also $b \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$?

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Beyond $\mu\mu$: other leptonic b decays



1 0



Extremely challenging due to overwhelming backgrounds e.g. $D^0 \rightarrow \pi \pi$. Stringent validation of LHCb's muon identification!

$$\mathcal{B}(D^0 o \mu^+ \mu^-) <$$
 2.94 (3.25) $imes$ 10⁻⁹ @ 90

Most stringent limit on charm FCNC transitions to date with full legacy LHCb Run 1+2 dataset!

(95)% CL

$s \rightarrow \nu \nu d$ steps towards discovery



Evidence of the decay and good agreement with the SM. A tremendous achievement for NA62! A future observation of $K^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu$ opens a fifth way to constrain the apex of the CKM Unitarity Triangle



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Angular tests in $b \rightarrow s \mu \mu$ decays



Rich laboratory for SM tests: the angular structure of these decays leads to many phenomenologically complementary observables A clear pattern of deviations from the SM has been observed in the last years, however there is ongoing debate over its cause (e.g. charm loops)

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2.0

Recent experimental progress



Lepton universality tests in $b \rightarrow sll$ decays

Theoretically pristine observables!

Even the percent level "theory" uncertainties we quote are driven by modelling of radiative effects in electron reconstruction rather than any QCD effects.

Experimentally challenging because of electron reconstruction and resolution.

 $b \rightarrow s \tau \tau$ even more so due to missing energy

Effective LHCb legacy Run 1+2 statistical sensitivity to e- μ lepton universality in branching ratios is ~2-3%



LU tests in LHCb, challenges



Nevertheless they are possible





Exp status of $b \rightarrow see/b \rightarrow s\mu\mu$ LU tests



Precision dominated by LHCb, Belle 2 will be able to independently verify with ~10ab⁻¹. Will be interesting to see the eventual impact of the parked CMS dataset.

LHCb is focused on completing a combined analysis of RK & RK* with the Run 1+2 legacy dataset This work has led to a deeper understanding of systematics which will be reflected in the final result While RK+RK* gives bulk of sensitivity, tests in $B^{0,\pm} \rightarrow \varphi II$, $K\pi\pi II$, and $K\pi II$ at high $K\pi$ mass also progressing. 38



 R_K Belle [Phys.Rev.Lett.103:171801] R_K BarBar [Phys.Rev.D.86:032012]

or plementary progress from Belle I



Tests with radiative[®]decays



Phenomenologically complementary tests with $b \rightarrow s$ penguins which probe a different set of operators to the leptonic modes.

Rich complementarity between LHCb's statistical power & unique reach for baryon decays and Belle II's clean environment & unique reach for inclusive decays.



Eldar Ganiev @ ICHEP 2022

LU tests in $b \rightarrow c\tau v/b \rightarrow c(\mu,e)v$ decays





$b \rightarrow c \nu LU$: we need more observables



Angular b \rightarrow sll and b \rightarrow cl ν lepton universality tests are slowly starting, despite the difficulties. Post-hoc analysis of Belle data by theory colleagues provides a strong motivation to publish our data in more detail!

LU tests in $b \rightarrow ce\nu/b \rightarrow c\mu\nu$ decays



Henrik Junkerkalefeld @ ICHEP 2022

Almost fully inclusive test of electron-muon lepton universality in $b \rightarrow cl\nu$ transitions

Paves the way for the first such inclusive test of tau-muon and tau-electron universality

Powerful demonstration of complementary capabilities of Belle II in semileptonic decays

$$R(X_{e/\mu})^{p_{\ell}^* > 1.3 \,\text{GeV}} = \mathbf{1.033} \pm \mathbf{1.033}$$



$+ 0.010^{stat} \pm 0.020^{syst}$

Direct LFV/LNV/BNV searches

10⁻⁶

10



Belle

The constant of the constant o

LHCb

LFV/LNV go naturally together with LUV — most models which explain the LUV anomalies predict LFV/LNV effects, often near current reach!





Many new or improved limits are being set in last years: probing 10⁻⁵ to 10⁻⁹ in beauty decays (worse limits when τ leptons are involved in the decay), 10⁻⁶ to 10⁻⁸ in charm decays, 10⁻¹⁰ to 10⁻¹¹ in strange decays

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Decay modeRA02 Of on BX
(90% CL)
$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^+$$
 4.2×10^{-11} $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ e^+$ 5.3×10^{-11} $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ e^+$ 4.2×10^{-11} $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^- e^+$ 6.6×10^{-11} $\pi^0 \rightarrow \mu^- e^+$ 3.2×10^{-10} $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^0 e^+ e^+$ 8.5×10^{-10} $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^- v e^+ e^+$ 8.1×10^{-11}

Viacheslav Duk @ ICHEP 2022

NAG2 III on RD



[LHCb-PAPER-2022



the 2030s

Exploring the next decades of flavour



Numbers are indicative, for official projections from collaborations see next slides.

Taken from Archilli & Altmannshofer (2206.11331)



CEPC



Latest Belle II and LHCb plans





Belle II reaches 50 ab⁻¹ at around the same time as LHCb's second upgrade is scheduled to start datataking 48

Luminosity [×10³⁵

- 30 Int. L[ab 20
- 10

CKM metrology: today





CKM metrology: LHCb U2 + Belle II





A permille understanding of the Unitarity triangle apex is fundamental and worth the next decades of our lives to achieve!



Complementarity with HL-LHC GPDs



Can independently measure multiple key observables — vital that HL-LHC GPD triggers give full impact 51



Diversity is the strength of flavour

Flavour physics has a vibrant present and a future worth our efforts!

- Underpinned by a rich phenomenology and the complementarity of flavour experiments and facilities.
- In addition to the flavour factories (LHCb and Belle II) and the LHC's general purpose detectors, dedicated experiments and facilities like BESIII, NA62, KOTO, will be crucial in mapping the fundamental properties of how quarks mix and combine for the next generations!
- FCC-ee may carry the torch into the second half of this century, with complementary insights into the flavourful nature of fundamental particles from the Z pole.



The quest for V_{ub} & V_{cb}





Belle Preprint 2021-018

Measurements by Belle shed light on V_{ub} & V_{cb}

Inclusive-exclusive tensions remain in V_{cb} , are reduced in V_{ub} Tension in Vub from 2-3 sigma depending on inputs V_{cb} remains at 3 sigma, further experimental input must be matched by progress in theory/lattice calculations

Discrepancy in V_{ub}/V_{cb} from $B \rightarrow K \mu v$ at low/high q² needs to be understood better, implication for calculation of form-factors

|V_{ub}| [10⁻³]



Time-dependent analyses of B_s decays



Important to resolve the ongoing tension in measurements of the B_s lifetime and width difference of the light and heavy eigenstates! Must improve all measurements: not only φ_s but also individual lifetimes. Cross-experiment work on common experimental assumptions seems vital.



