



Tuesday 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2022

# Spectral functions of the Holstein polaron: exact and approximate solutions

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University of Belgrade  
Republic of Serbia*

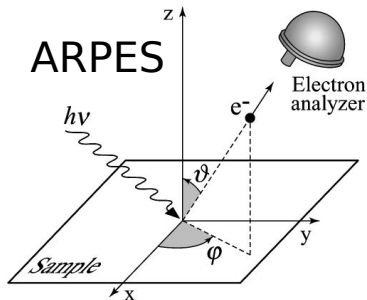
# Holstein model

Hamiltonian:

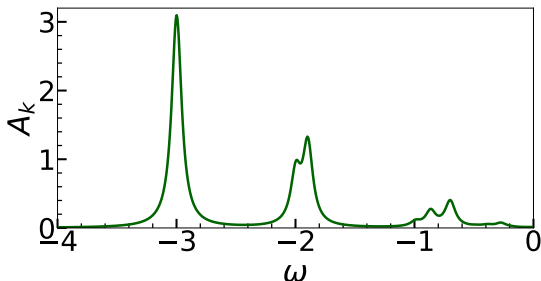
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We calculate:

- QP prop:  $m^*, E_p$
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Damascelli et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. **75**, 473 (2003)



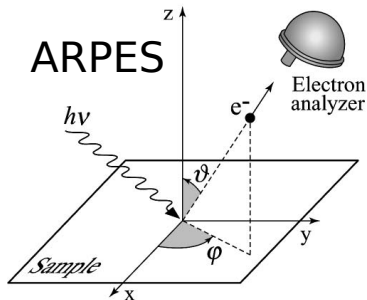
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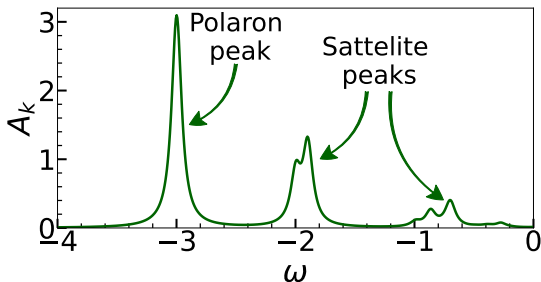
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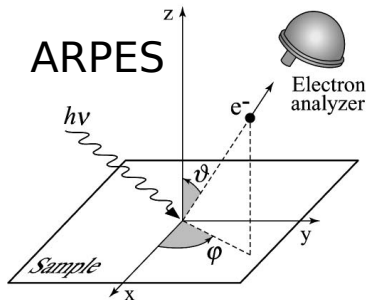
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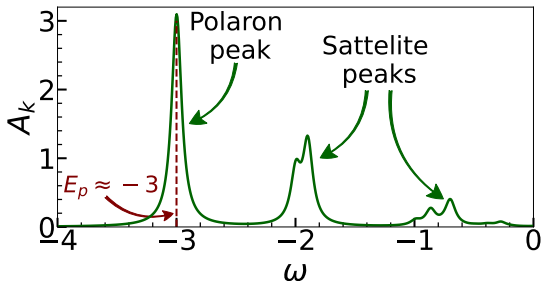
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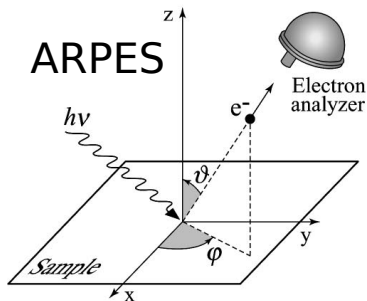
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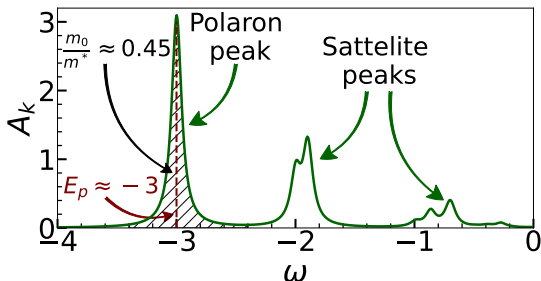
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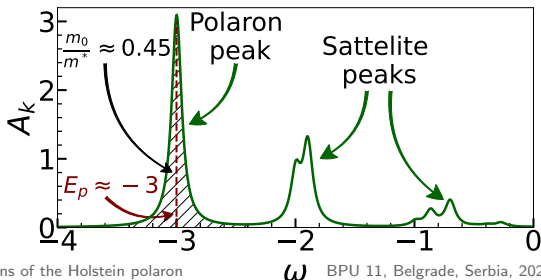
$$C_k(\tau) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} A_k(\omega) e^{-\omega\tau} d\omega$$

$$A_k(\omega) = -\frac{1}{\pi} \text{Im} G_k(\omega)$$

$$G_k(\omega) = \frac{1}{\omega + 2t_0 \cos k - \Sigma_k(\omega)}$$

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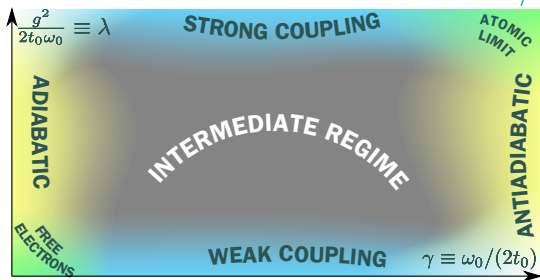
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Mitrić et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **129**, 096401 (2022)

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- Self-consistent Migdal approximation (SCMA)
- Hierarchical equations of motion (HEOM)
- Quantum Monte Carlo (QMC)
- Exact diagonalization (ED)

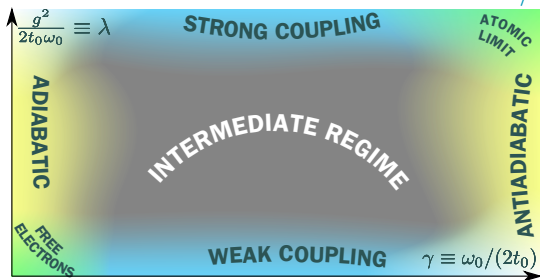
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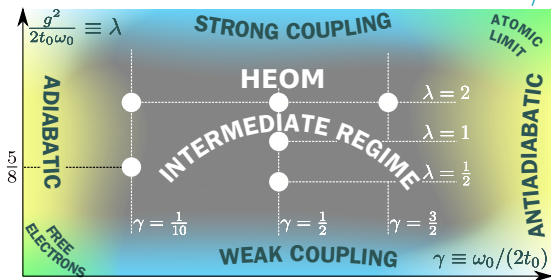
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$$H = -t_0 \sum_i (c_i^\dagger c_{i+1} + H.c.) - g \sum_i n_i (a_i^\dagger + a_i) + \omega_0 \sum_i a_i^\dagger a_i$$

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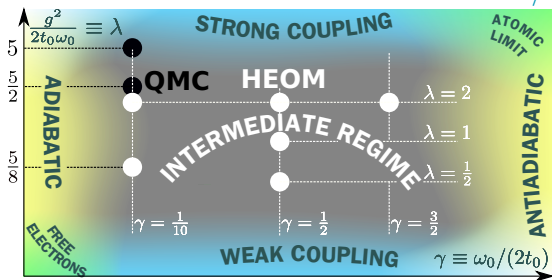
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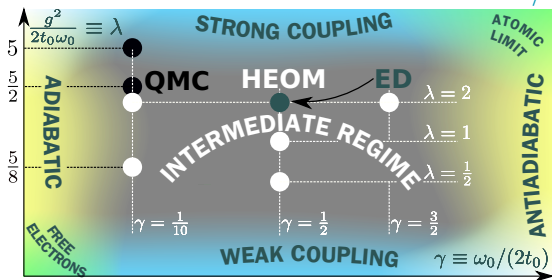
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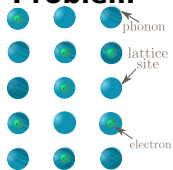


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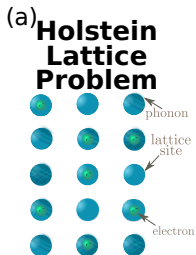
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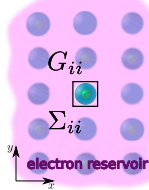
(a) **Holstein  
Lattice  
Problem**



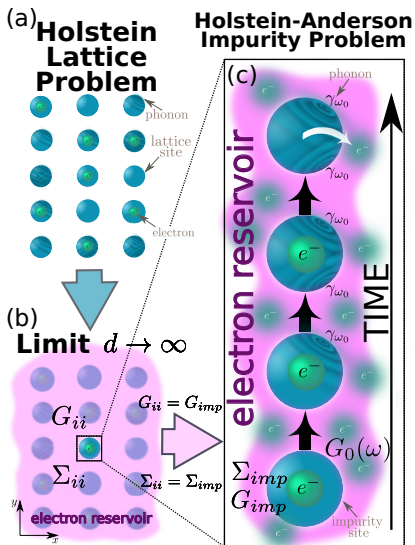
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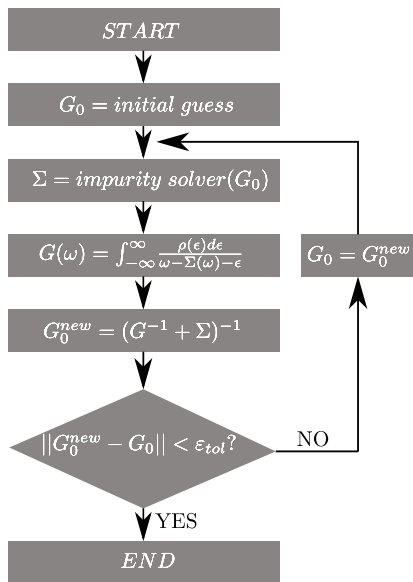
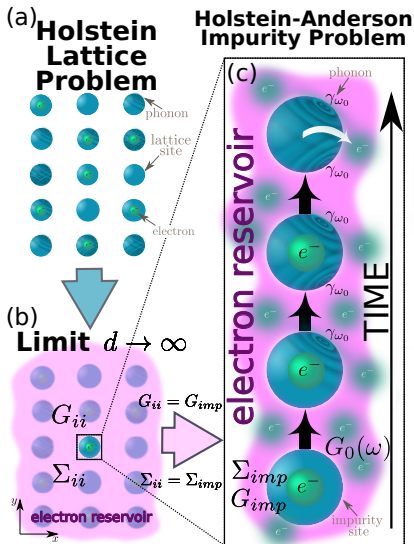
(b) **Limit**  $d \rightarrow \infty$



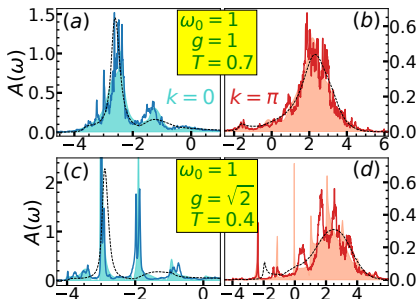
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# Results: Spectral functions



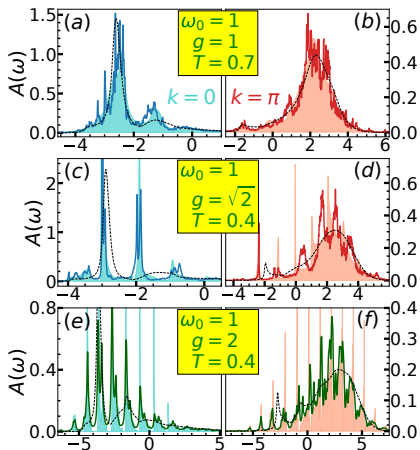
Parameter regime:

Left Fig:

- (a)–(d) Intermediate
- (e)–(f) Strong
- (g)–(h) Atomic
- Weak



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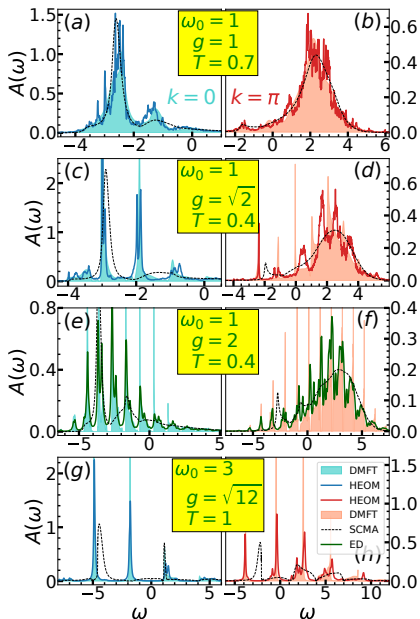


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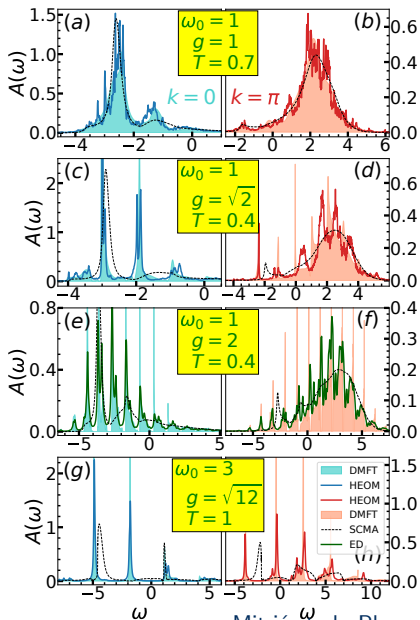


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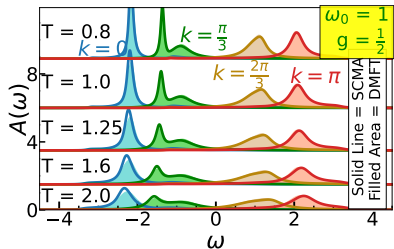
Parameter regime:

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Bottom Fig:

- Weak



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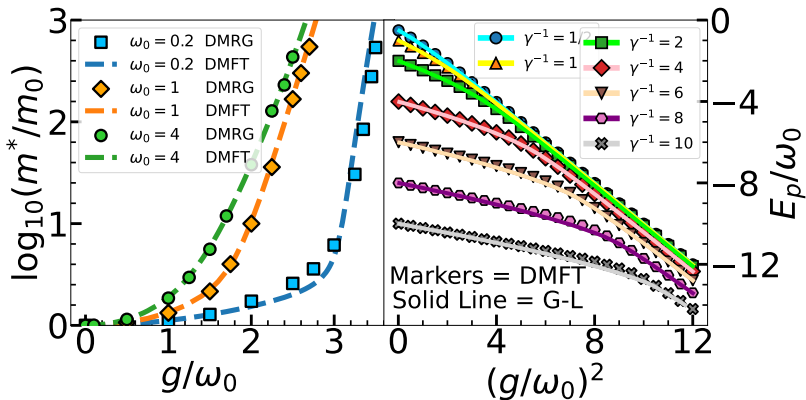
# Results: 1D Quasiparticle properties

## Effective mass: DMFT vs DMRG

E. Jeckelmann and S. R. White, Phys. Rev. B 57, 6376 (1998)

## Ground state energy: DMFT vs Global-local variational approach

A. H. Romero, D. W. Brown, and K. Lindenberg, J. Chem. Phys. 109, 6540 (1998)



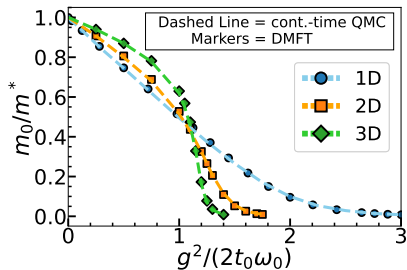
Mitrić et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 129, 096401 (2022)

# Higher dim. QP prop. and im. time corr. func.

- Effective mass: DMFT vs Continuous-time QMC

Kornilovitch, Phys. Rev. Lett. 81, 5382 (1998)

- Imaginary time correlation functions ( $\omega_0 = 1$ ,  $g = \sqrt{2}$ )



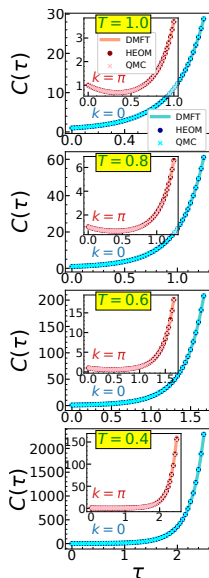
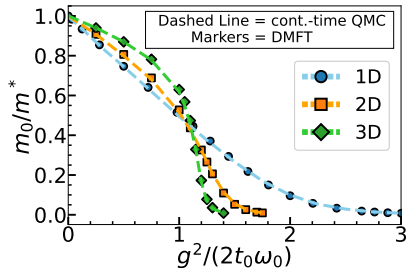
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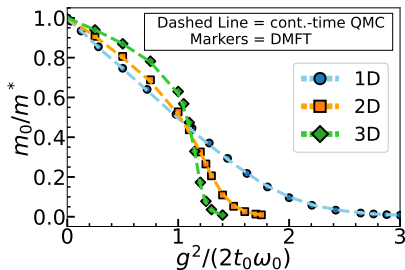
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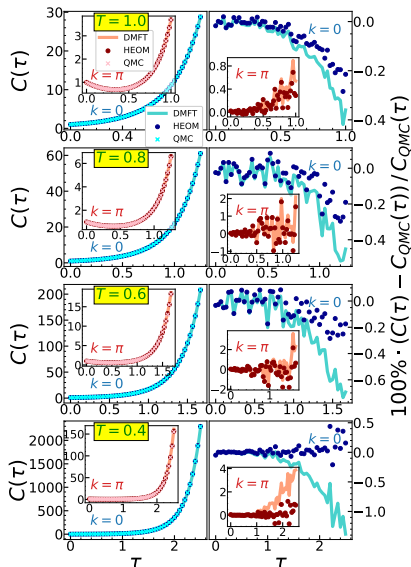
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# Epilogue

## Take-Home Message

DMFT gives highly accurate and numerically cheap approximate solutions of the Holstein model (nonlocal correlations in Holstein model are small)

- ❑ Covers the whole parameter regime which consists of  $\omega_0, g, T, k$  and number of dimensions.
- ❑ Applicable both at the thermodynamic limit and on a chain with finite length.
- ❑ Drawback: Gives local  $\Sigma_{\mathbf{k}}$ .
- ❑ Possible applications to other systems:
  - ❑ Extended DMFT for the non-local electron-phonon interaction.
  - ❑ Statistical DMFT for the systems with disorder.
- ❑ all details in P. Mitríć, V. Janković, N. Vukmirović and D. Tanasković, Phys. Rev. Lett. **129**, 096401 (2022)